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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/563,233	06/09/2006	Thomas McQuiggin Lowes	1717198	8664
24240 CHAPMAN AN	7590 07/24/200 ND CUTLER	8	EXAMINER	
111 WEST MO	NROE STREET		WILSON, GREGORY A	
CHICAGO, IL 60603			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3749	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/24/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	A 11 (1 A)	A 15 47 N			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commence	10/563,233	LOWES, THOMAS MCQUIGGIN			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Gregory A. Wilson	3749			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 January 2006</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-61 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-22 and 27-61 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 23-26 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access that any objection to the company is a company and is a company in the application.	vn from consideration. relection requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/3/06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 1-4, 9-16, 18, 21, 22, 27-39, 42-48, and 51-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hansen et al (6,672,865). Hansen et al a kiln system (10) for mixing process gas flow that flows through housing (12) of an exhaust gas bypass system (SEE Figures 1-4) including a precalciner and riser duct, wherein the kiln system is for preparing cement clinker (SEE Summary of Invention) and has a gas temperature between 850-1400 degrees Celsius (SEE column 13, lines 27-38) and includes a plurality of injectors (32) arranged at angles of between 0 to 60 degrees at

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predetermined intervals around the cross section of the interior of the housing (SEE Figure 6) and are connected to a gas supply system (34) which includes a fan, blower or compressor which is operable to feed pressurized air (or preheated) of high energy/velocity (a jet), to the injectors to produce rotational momentum in the kiln gas stream to dissipate stratification (column 9, lines 23-35) such that kiln gas is entrained in the injected gas along the axis of the housing, a combination of the position of the injectors within the kiln system and the nozzles (36) (SEE Figures 8a & 8b shows end portions with slots functioning as vanes or bluff bodies since they consist of a flattened front) aid in imparting the rotational momentum (swirling) and as can be seen in the Figures 8a & 8b have angles which anticipate the applicants claim 4 and the injectors are capable of impinging tangentially on an imaginary circle which forms towards the center of the housing as suggested by the flow shown in Figure 6 of high pressure air exiting the nozzles (36). Based off the illustration of Figure 6, a person having ordinary skill in the art would recognize and conclude that at least 10 percent of the cross sectional area of the housing is covered by the circle of air flow, additionally the claims directed to the velocity of the injection gas as measured in Reynolds Number or the frequency of turbulence or the calculation in which these values are determined are not novel limitations which cannot be performed by the structure of Hansen et al.

Claims 1, 2, 10-14, 21, 22, 27, 29-37, 44-46 and 57-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP (05 223228A). JP 05 223228A discloses a rotary drum furnace (SEE Figure 1a) for incinerating city refuse and industrial waste and

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is suitable for use in a precalciner of a kiln system, exhaust system for a kiln, a preheater section and a gas rising duct of a kiln system wherein the gas temperature is between 1000-1250 degrees C and includes a plurality of injectors (3) arranged around the housing and connected to an air supply system wherein the injectors are positioned such that they impinge tangentially on a circle (SEE Figure 1b) centered on the axis of process gas flow to entrain gas flow in a swirling motion. The injectors are arranged in such a way that they cover 5-15 percent of the cross sectional area of combustion gas flow and are directed at an angle of between 25 to 40 degrees.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5, 7, 8, 17, 19, 20, 40, 41, 49 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hansen et al (6,672,865). Hansen et al discloses the applicants primary inventive concept as stated above including a system for mixing a process gas flow that is flowing through the housing of a kiln system including injectors (32) for supplying pressurized gas into the interior of the housing. As previously stated, the injectors have a portions with slots wherein a flattened front (Figures 8a & 8b) serve as vanes or bluff bodies and work in combination to the angle in which the injectors are set to create a rotational momentum. Hansen et al does not teach flare diffusers

provided in the injector, however, it would have been obvious to design the injectors to use flare diffusers instead of a bluff body or vane or in addition to these elements since when it comes to diverting a flow of gas to a swirling motion, vanes, bluff bodies and flare diffusers are regarded as art recognized equivalents and a person having ordinary skill in the art would have found it an obvious modification to exchange any of these elements for the other.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 23-26 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory A. Wilson whose telephone number is (571)272-4882. The examiner can normally be reached on 7 am - 4:30 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steve McAllister can be reached on (571) 272-6785. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Gregory A. Wilson/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3749 July 20, 2008